# COMPETENCIES FOR THE PLANET

The competencies were developed within the framework of an international consortium in the project "Eco-Active for Planet"



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On the following pages, you will find a description of ecological competencies elaborated by organizations participating in the "Eco-Active For The Planet" project. Working in a multinational team, we were able to prepare a set of competencies taking into account cultural and socio-economical differences and their impact on developing ecological competencies across European nations. Those factors are also essential when working with groups on developing their eco-competences.

As you will be able to see on the next pages, the competencies are organized visually in a form of a fan. Based on the level of advancement, they are grouped into two levels:

Basic level – For people who want to make more ecological choices in their everyday lives. We believe that systemic change begins at home.

Trainer level – For people who want to work on changing attitudes and promoting ecological values. This is also the level of competence for activists and professionals who work with groups, on a more systemic level.

Competences on each level are divided into three types: knowledge, skills, and attitudes, but also according to the field of impact:



Competences concerning an individual, everyday solutions



Competences concerning interdependencies within communities

Competences concerning overall rules, regulations, and policies

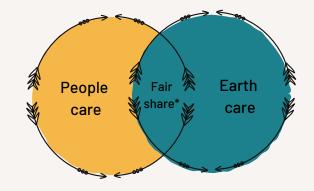
All competencies are then cross-divided according to type and category (e.g. knowledge needed to tackle interdependencies between communities or skills needed to tackle rules, regulations, and policies). We also provided accompanying examples for each set of competencies.

Values are the basis of all ecological competencies. Applicable values have been added at the top of each set of competencies.

### Key ethical values of ecological competencies for planetary health

The civic activism for just transition to the planetary health starts with ethical choices in all dimensions of our lives. Though citizens are encouraged by our Eco-competencies Framework to improve their knowledge, skills, and attitudes, inevitably trainers shall be the ones who have a better understanding of the complexity of interlinkages between social, economic, and environmental problems. They are also the ones to lead by example to a better world.

The competencies presented here are related to three elementary ethical values, that are outlined in permaculture principles, but can be found in all broader canvas of spiritual and philosophical traditions around the globe.

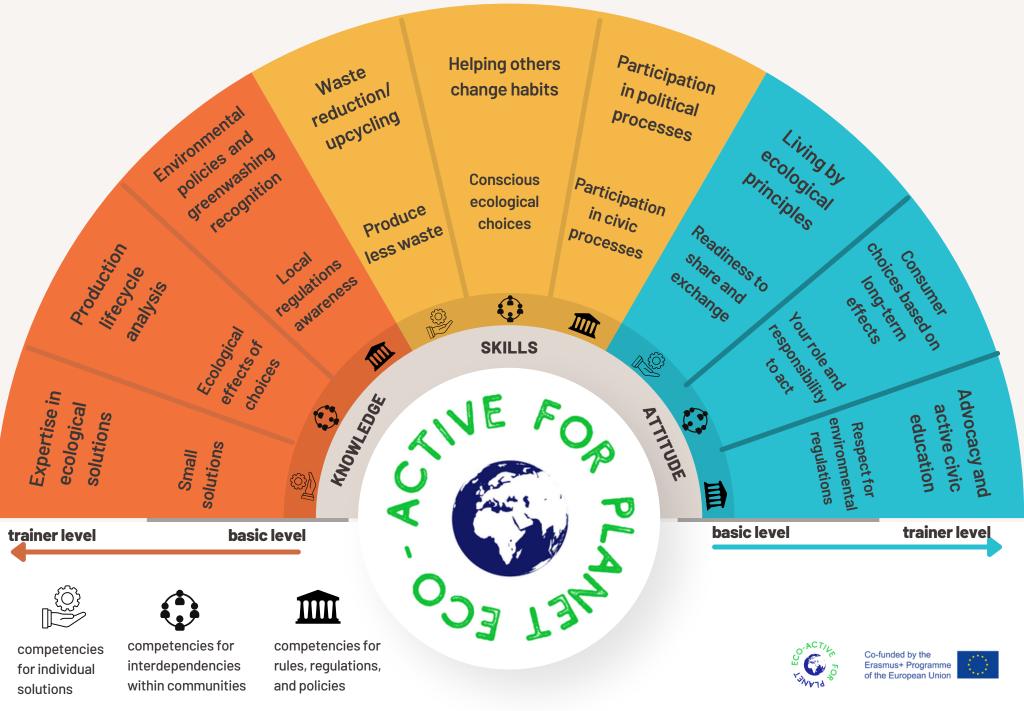


\*Fair share - set limits to consumption and reproduction, and redistribute surplus





## **ECOLOGICAL COMPETENCIES FOR PLANETARY HEALTH**



## KNOWLEDGE





TRAINER



#### KNOWLEDGE OF INDIVIDUAL SOLUTIONS



#### **KEY VALUES: SUSTAINABILITY, SELF-AWARENESS, CREATIVITY**

Small solutions	basic level	trainer level	Expertise in ecological solutions
Knowledge of everyday life "small" solutions to be more environmentally conscious	Definition		Knowledge based on scientific findings on eco-friendly solutions that can be implemented by
	Examples		individuals and on micro and macro level

 Knowledge of the small gestures or changes you can implement in your everyday life within your household, like using less or no plastic, eating seasonal, local and organic food, implementing some zero-waste practices, etc.

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• Knowledge about conscious consumption of food with regard of its impact on health and environment.

#### • Following current scientific findings on how lifestyle changes can mitigate adverse impacts to the environment and what alternatives to usual behavior are the most effective ones.

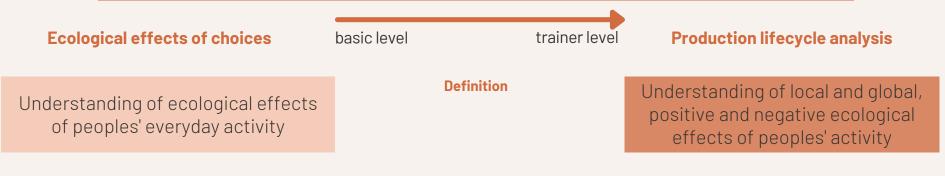
- Running trainings or workshops on how to develop eco-habits at home and in your everyday life, sharing your tips and experience.
- Understanding the economical background of energy distribution on micro and macro level. Understanding its consequences on the environment and economy.
- Knowledge of sustainable and ecological food production. Understanding what kind of everyday choices can be made, aimed at more eco-friendly solutions (e.g. favoring local produced foods).
- Promoting a healthy diet (meat, sugar and fat are risks in every level). Understanding that healthy diet reduces the environmental footprint of food consumption globally.



#### KNOWLEDGE OF INTERDEPENDENCIES WITHIN COMMUNITIES

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#### KEY VALUES: RESPONSIBILITY, INTEGRITY, INCLUSIVENESS



• Understanding the principles of environmental footprint and how it is formed by actions in everyday life. Being able to calculate one's own footprint and act towards limiting it.

- Making environmentally friendly choices in everyday consumption. Recognizing eco labels.
- Being aware of how everyday actions influence environment in both positive and negative ways. Knowing what lifestyle changes can mitigate adverse impacts to the environment and what alternatives to usual behavior are most effective.
- Understanding the circular economy principles, especially "prevention of waste part of the cycle". Focusing on the potential of production/purchase of products or services with the best possibilities for re-use and recycling. Thinking about re-use as the tool for community support.

#### Examples

- Make the social and ecological interdependencies visible and be better able to take into account biological diversity and ecosystems in sustainable development.
- Staying up-to-date with scientific data and current experts debate on how people's activity influences the environment both positively and negatively.
- Understanding the product lifecycle manufacturing, transport, re-use. Knowledge about so-called green materials and being able to make informed choices.





#### KNOWLEDGE OF RULES, REGULATIONS, AND POLICIES



#### KEY VALUES: PARTICIPATION, SOLIDARITY, SUSTAINABILITY

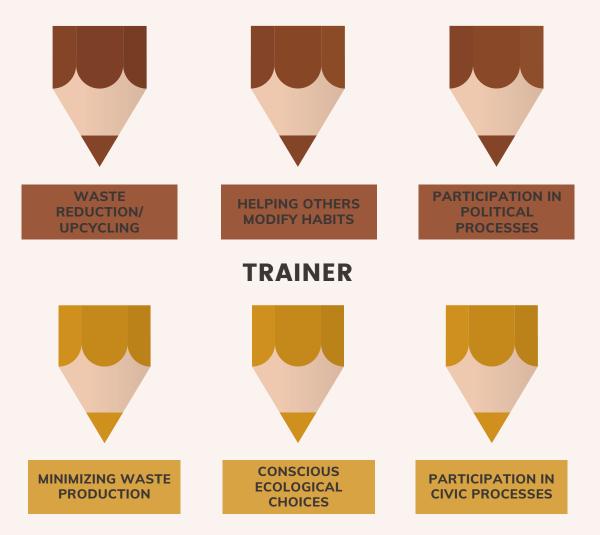
Local regulations awareness	basic level		trainer level	Environmental policies and greenwashing recognition
Knowledge of ecological problems and regulations on local level		Definition		Knowledge of ecological problems and regulations on international level
<ul> <li>Knowledge of local debates with an environmer such as waste, water, energy policies.</li> <li>Following local and national media and authority announcements, discussing with neighbours.</li> <li>Following (and preferably participating in) local initiatives in the neighborhood.</li> </ul>	y	Examples	<ul> <li>(importation)</li> <li>Following regarding practices policies, articles, limore.</li> <li>Demandi value. Will one can a informat</li> <li>Recognizione</li> </ul>	g general political debates and key events nt elections/votes/summits) and understanding -making processes and actors g political debates and legislative developments g environmental policies, but also farming. s and land-use, energy policies, waste reduction transport and trade policies, etc., by reading listening to experts, always being open to learn ing reasoning and proof of product's ecological hen in doubt, in many countries (e.g. in Finland) always contact Consumer Agency for reliable ion. zing signs of greenwashing (and other ecologically at practices) and sharing the information for

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## SKILLS

### TRAINER







#### SKILLS FOR INDIVIDUAL SOLUTIONS



#### KEY VALUES: CONSIDERATION, SELF-AWARENESS, CREATIVITY



**Examples** 

- Understanding the importance of waste segregation. Being able to identify common recycling marks and properly segregate waste.
- Reducing consumption by using more environmentally friendly products and services. Avoiding wasting by using optimal amount of materials, food etc. More value with less stakes.
- Being able to plan adequate quantity and quality of food for routine everyday cooking, including decisions on regional/global products, community/tax based production, environment and climate impacts of food production, etc.

• Understanding the product lifecycle - manufacturing, transport, re-use. Recognizing the so-called "green" materials and being able to make informed choices.





#### SKILLS FOR INTERDEPENDENCIES WITHIN COMMUNITIES



#### KEY VALUES: INCLUSIVENESS, COLLABORATION, CARE



official, reliable ecolabels and be able to differentiate between real and not real

enviromentally friendly products.



#### SKILLS FOR RULES, REGULATIONS, AND POLICIES

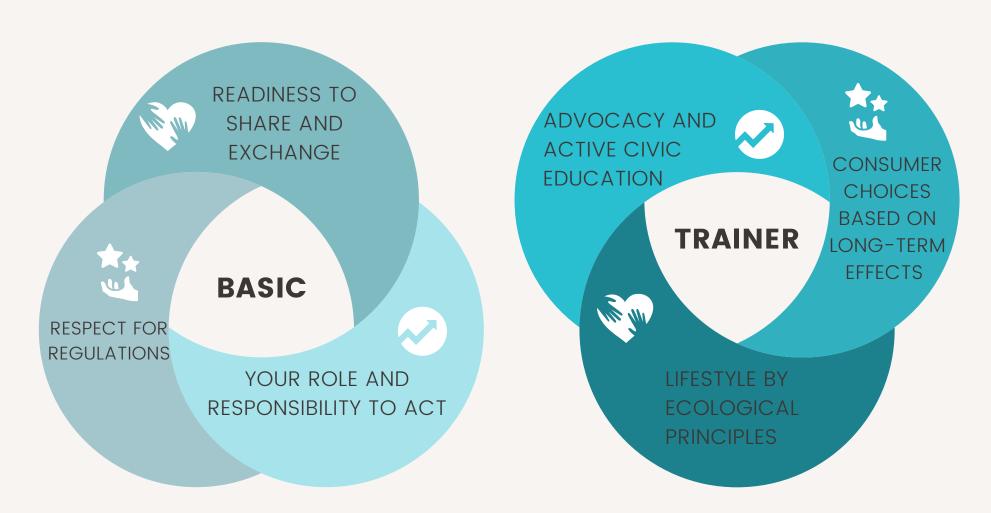


KEY VA	LUES: AWARENESS	, RESPECT	, ACTION
Participation in civic processes	basic level	trainer level	Participation in political processes
Participation in socio-political processes related to ecology in the neighborhood	Definition		Participation in socio-political processes related to ecology on loc and regional level
	Examples		
Taking part in local democratic processes (voting during elections, civic budget votes, etc.) Researching candidates based on the environmental impact of their programme. Making informed choices.		regional • Contacti social me	or organizing campaigns to change local or policies. ng decision-makers, being vocal and active on edia and in the community. ng civic disobedience when needed.





## ATTITUDES





#### ATTITUDE FOR INDIVIDUAL SOLUTIONS



#### KEY VALUES: LOVE OF NATURE, SUSTAINABILITY, CREATIVITY



**Examples** 

- Spending leisure time in nature with others to show them the alternative and attractive lifestyle. Involving children in such activities helps them understand that wealth does not consist of things, but relations both in family and community.
- Adopting sharing and exchanging as one of the main principles of community life.
- Mitigating one's impact on the environment by limiting the use of products and services.

- Spending as much time as reasonably possible in nature during work time prefering field workshops, excursions, and other activities to presentations of nature principles in buldings, especially in towns.
- Conduct with consideration of the environent as an imperative in all behaviors and decisions.
- Understanding nature's (eco)systems and ecological principles.





#### ATTITUDE FOR INTERDEPENDENCIES WITHIN COMMUNITIES



#### KEY VALUES: RESPONSIBILITY, MOTIVATION, COLLABORATION

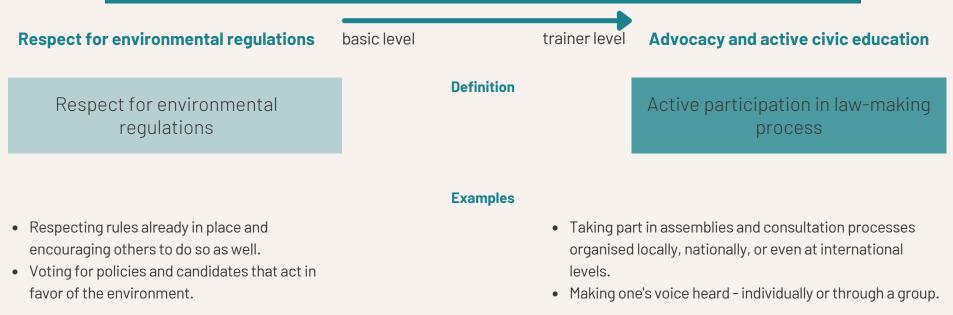
Your role and responsibility to act	basic level		trainer level	Consumer choices based on long-term effects
Being aware of your own impact on environment and try to actively reduce it		Definition		Being aware of long-term effects social decisions and being able to propose the changes in policies to
		Examples		reduce the impact on the planet
<ul> <li>Keeping in mind the bigger picture of environmental and climate emergency and its impact on people everywhere, and acknowledging one's own role and responsibility to act.</li> <li>Understanding that even something as small as buying a cheap pair of jeans has a much bigger environmental impact than one would suspect.</li> <li>Adopting a minimalism way of thinking. Thinking more about the importance of direction than the speed when making decisions.</li> <li>Reducing consumption by using more environmentally-friendly products and services. Avoiding and reducing waste by using optimal amount of materials, food, etc. More value with less stakes.</li> </ul>			are the cha current tree happening long-term r unpreceder Depending for the envi Understand one's role a go hand in h	ding the importance of the long term impact of is a trainer or activist. Power and responsibility

human relations instead of money relation.

#### ATTITUDES FOR RULES, REGULATIONS, AND POLICIES



#### KEY VALUES: NEED FOR SOCIAL JUSTICE, CONSIDERATION, TRUST







## How to assess and diagnose ecological competencies

These are leading questions based on competences shown before. You can use them as an auto-diagnostic tool for assessing the level of your own ecocompetences. You can treat them as signposts or a checklist that can help you identify the areas where you have strong competences as well as weaker points that still need developing.

These questions can also be treated as a basis for a pre-test to be filled by the participants of your training, workshops or other educational activities. If a pre-test cannot be conducted, you can find some examples of diagnostic activities that can also serve as warm-ups for workshop groups and help trainers assess the level of eco-competences "on site".





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## Self-assessment of ecological competencies

#### INDIVIDUAL SOLUTIONS **INTERDEPENDENCIES** RULES, REGULATIONS, AND **BETWEEN COMMUNITIES** POI ICIES Are you aware of ecological To what extent are you aware of Can you recognize the impact of regulations and policies that affect eco-friendly solutions that can be individuals on local and global people both on local and national implemented by individuals in environment? What kind of levels? Do you understand the everyday life? Is your knowledge interdependencies do you science-based? purpose of these regulations? recognize? Do you take part in campaigns aimed How do you limit the amount of Do you constantly develop habits waste you produce? Are you able to at implementing more ecological that are more ecological? Do you actively reduce this amount e.g. by policies and regulations? Are these help others in adapting to a more adopting the "5R" rule (Refuse, campaigns local or have a broader ecological lifestyle? Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, Rot)? impact? When making everyday choices, do Do you include nature and ecology in you take into account their long-Do you obey and respect ecological your everyday activities? Is ecology a term consequences for the ecology rules and policies? Do you take part priority to you? and environment? Do you actively in ecological law-making process? promote eco-friendly choices?



## Group competence assessment

### CONSTELLATION

Participants & time	10-100 people, 10-50 minutes
Goal	Visualize and discuss levels of eco-competence in individuals and the whole group
Additional materials	Microphone and speakers (for a larger group)
Preparation	Prepare questions
Instructions	<ul> <li>Set and explain the "scale" in the room - one end means "strongly agree", the opposite "strongly disagree". Hang cards saying "AGREE/DISAGREE" or "YES/NO" on the ends of the "scale". Ask people to place themselves on the scale according to their answer to the questions. The questions need to present a gradually deeper "dive" into a chosen subject. Here are some sample questions on the topic of greenwashing: <ul> <li>Do you know what greenwashing is?</li> <li>Can you give an example of greenwashing?</li> <li>Can you explain and elaborate on why greenwashing is harmful?</li> <li>Can you give a training about GW?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Evaluation	Discuss about the overall picture (constellation) formed by the participants answers and how it changed with each question. Ask about emotions and thoughts.
Tips & comments	You can perform this exercise at the start and at the end of the training to analyse the change that happenned and the impact of the process.



## Group competence assessment

### WHAT COMES TO MIND?

Participants & time	Around 20 people, 10-30 minutes
Goal	Assess participants' knowledge about the topic of workshop
Additional materials	Flipchart, pens, tape
Preparation	None is necesary
Instructions	Set a word or a phrase connected to the topic of the workshop. Write it down on a flipchart or board. Invite participants to reflect individually on what this word or phrase means to them. Encourage them to write down their reflections. As the time progresses, discuss in pairs, then in fours, eights. In plenary, participants speak out and facilitator writes keywords on the flipchart.
Evaluation	Discuss the emotions and thoughts of participants. How much their reflections are in line with the topic of the workshop?
Tips & comments	This exercise enables trainers to quickly assess the level of ecological competences in the group. It also helps the trainer to adapt the content, communication style or method that would be best suited for a given group. You can also think about starting the exercise with your own reflections on a chosen topic.

